

SESSION 2006
NIVEAU BACCALAUREAT
EPREUVE D'ANGLAIS

SECTION A : GRAMMAR (10marks)

I- Choose a word each from the following list to fill in the blank spaces below

1) Before ; 2) Since ; 3) But ; 4) That ; 5) The ; 6) in ; 7) for ; 8) a ;
9) while ; 10) when ; 11) about ; 12) on ; 13) and ; 14) if.

Alem came to ask for the money he had lend to Onana in the morning, he was told by a neighbour that Man had come Taken him out. They had been out two o'clock, and it was not certain.....they would return.....night fallthey were still talkinga man who had gone out with Onana returned and said Onana had just been arrested fighting with a tailorthe market.

II- Complete the following sentence with the appropriate words.

- a)many people were starving to death, the cruel chief did nothing about it.
- b) Slavery was abolished many years.....
- c) The trade union leader has lead to her members..... The beginning of the strike.
- d) Before the Blacks started protesting against racism, the whites oppressing them for ages.
- e) Marin Luther King!.....not believe in violence.

SECTION B: Vocabulary (10marks)

I- Choose the best alternative to fill in the blank spaces

- 1. The boys aretheir application forms to sit for the examination.
a) Filling ; b) feeling ; c) filing ; d) felling
- 2. Thisis old and dirty.

a) Sit; b) sight ; c) seat ; d) seats

3. Johnvery clearly

a) Rights; b) writes; c) rites ; rides

4. Mary warned her child not tomoney again

a) Lose; b) lost; c) loose; d) loused.

5. Alo works in the farma week

a) Once; b) ones; c) ounce; d) wants.

II- Match the phrases in Column B with the appropriate beginnings in Column A. Use one item only once and write in the spaces provided. 5marks

Column A	Column B
a) You needn't have gone to the stadium so early.	Although the judge knew they were guilty
b) In spite of their plea of innocence	Because he was the referee
c) They were set free	The football match started at 6pm
d) He had to go to the stadium early	They will likely lose the match
e) Unless they train very hard	The judge thought they were guilty

SECTION C: READING COMPREHENSION (10marks)

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follows below it.

Abelleh goes to Douala

Abelleh lived with his mother and two sisters in the village of Mfou. His father die many years ago. His mother worked very hard to do everything to cloth her three children as send them to school. She grew most of the food they ate-yams, cassava, maize, beans, plantains and many green vegetables. She also traded in dry fish, palm oil, kerosene and matches.

Abelleh was now thirteen years old and had never left his village. Then one day, he's mother told him that he would be going to Douala in the New Year to live with his uncle who was a clerk in one of the firms there. At first Abelleh was full of joy. He had heard many wonderful stories about Douala. His uncle's servant, Ojong had told him that there was water tap in the compound where there lived. He said this was impossible but Ojong had sworn to its truth by wetting his first finger on his tongue and pointing it to the sky. Abelleh was too excited for words. So he would no longer wake up early in the morning to go the stream. Trouble with the village stream is that the way to it was tough and stony and sometimes children's felt and break their water pots. In Douala Abelleh would be free from all those worries. Also he would live in a house with an iron vapor instead of his mother's poor iron of mud and hatch. It all sounded so wonderful.

But when the time actually came for Abelleh to leave his mother and sisters, he began to cry. His sisters too cried and even his mother had signs of tears in her eyes. She placed on her hand on his head and said. "Go well, my son listen to what your uncle says and obey him. Douala is a big city full of dangerous people and kidnappers. Therefore do not wander about in the city, in particular do not go near the river wouri. Many people get dawnsed there every year.

QUESTIONS.

1. With whom did Abelleh live?

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.....
.....

2. When did his father die?

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.....
.....

3. Why did his mother work very hard?

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.....
.....

4. How did Abelleh feel when his mother told him he would be going to live with his uncle in Douala?

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5. Why did Ojong wet his first finger on his tongue and point it to the sky?

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6. What was the problem with the village stream?

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.....

7. What actually happened when Abelleh had to leave his mother and sister for Douala?

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.....

8. If you had to leave your family and go abroad how would you feel?

.....
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.....

9. What conclusion can you draw about the life relationship that exists between Abelleh and his mother and sisters?

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10. Do you think that the piece of advice that Abelleh's mother gives is helpful in our society today? Justify.

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SECTION D: ESSAY

Write an essay of between 250-300 words on any one of the following topics.

1. A car accident you have witnessed. You may want to talk about what happened, why the accident occurred and the role you played.
2. How students prepare for examination?
3. A woman's place in the home. Do you agree?

SESSION 2008

NIVEAU BACCALAUREAT

EPREUVE D'ANGLAIS

Section A : Grammar (5 MARKS)

I) Complete the sentences. Use a superlative in the spaces provided. (2 marks)

Example: This building is very old. It's the oldest building in town.

a) She's very popular singer

She's in the country.

b) It was a very bad mistake

It was Eve ever made

c) It's a very cold day.

It's of the year.

d) It's a very pretty village

It's Eve even seen.

II) Put the following words in the order to form meaningful sentences (2 marks)

a) (at the / early / arrived)

.....
.....
.....

b) (1/a beautiful bird / this morning / in the garden / saw)

c) (to the cinema / tomorrow evening / are you going)

d) (football / don't like / very much / I)

Tick (V) the correct sentences from the ones below (1 mark)

- a) Are yet you ready?
- b) Are you ready yet?
- c) He is not here yet?
- d) He is yet not here.

Section B: Vocabulary (5 marks)

Write down in the space provided the word or phrase from the brackets that has the same meaning as the word or phrase underlined in each sentence.

1- Would you run for the presidency (stand for ,keep away from)

2- My parents are hard up now (busy ,short of money)

3- Some Cameroonian citizen leave Cameroon for good (for a short time, forever ,for a long time)

4- Peter stole and was sacked from school. (Promoted ,put in bag ,dismissed)

.....
.....
.....
5- I was taken aback when I heard the news (surprised, happy, meticulous)

Section C: Reading comprehension (5 marks)

Read the below and answer the questions which follow it.

But in fact the African peoples have been shaped as much by their own past, shrouded in mist though much of it still is, as they have been by their contact with the west. Therefore, as a people to a large extent determine their own future, so it can be stated quite categorically that no part of Africa will ever become a duplicate copy of many part of Europe. An African in Africa will never become simply a back European.

Sometimes Europeans talk as if we should be ashamed of our own heritage. We are not. On the other hand sometimes they talk as if we should put aside everything which is not "traditional African" and live for ever as though the Europeans had never come into with us. But this too, would demand that we deny our own history, we cannot do it. We are what all our past, known, has made us. We and our grandfathers and great, have earned and adapted from nature, from ourselves, and from the peoples of Europe, America and Asia. This we shall continue to do just as men and civilizations throughout the world have always done.

In determining our future out of the lessons of our present and past, we shall be working out a new synthesis, a way of life that draws, from Europe as well as Africa, from Islam as well as Christianity, from communalism and individualism. No blueprint can be drawn up, and no one can accurately